DEFENCE

Defence SA 2017-18 Annual Report

Defence SA

Level 4, 151 Pirie Street, Adelaide

www.defencesa.com

Contact phone number Contact email ISSN 1836-1838 Date presented to Minister: 28 September 2018 To: Hon Steven Marshall MP Premier of South Australia

This annual report is to be presented to Parliament to meet the statutory reporting requirements of *the Public Sector Act 2009 and the Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* and meets the requirements of Premier and Cabinet Circular *PC013 Annual Reporting*.

This report is verified to be accurate for the purposes of annual reporting to the Parliament of South Australia.

Submitted on behalf of the Defence SA by:

Richard Price

Chief Executive

Signature

0 September 2018

Date

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Section A: Reporting required under the *Public Sector Act* 2009, the *Public Sector Regulations 2010* and the *Public Finance and Audit Act* 1987

Agency purpose or role

Defence SA is South Australia's lead government agency for all defence related matters.

The agency's mission is to grow the defence industry and strengthen the Australian Defence Force's presence in the state. Working closely with defence and industry, Defence SA targets investment and expansion opportunities, drives and supports the delivery of major defence projects and facilities, and pursues the location of additional Defence units and capabilities in the state.

Defence SA aims to support the Australian Government's strategic defence policy. This is through increased local industry participation, ensuring that a highly skilled, industry-ready workforce is in place, and the necessary infrastructure exists to underpin defence projects.

Defence SA is working towards capturing further defence-related work opportunities for South Australian businesses in the shipbuilding, cyber and systems, space and defence science and research domains.

The South Australian Space Industry Centre (SASIC) was launched in September 2017. This marked the creation of the nation's first dedicated centre to grow the local space economy and create future high-tech jobs.

The Defence SA Advisory Board (the Board) provides high-level strategic and policy advice. This promotes the growth of Defence and defence industries. The Board also advocates on behalf of the state on defence and defence industries issues.

Objectives

- Advocacy and support: in collaboration with the Australian Government, Defence and industry, Defence SA works to ensure the required workforce, skills, and infrastructure are available to capitalise on the emerging defence industry opportunities.
- Shipbuilding: to ensure South Australia maintains its position as the nation's centre for warship and submarine building and sustainment.
- Cyber and systems: to position South Australia as a centre of excellence for cyber capability and processing, exploiting and disseminating intelligence.
- Defence science and research: to position South Australia as a national leader in developing intellectual property.
- Space: to position South Australia as the nation's space industry centre.

Key strategies and their relations	ship to SA Government objectives
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Key strategy	SA Government objective
Creating a sustainable and export- ready defence industry.	The South Australian Government is focussed on creating more jobs for South Australians.
Developing South Australia's space ecosystem.	The South Australian Government is committed to developing a culture of innovation and entrepreneurship through growth industries including space.
Attraction of additional defence companies to South Australia and support of sustainable defence industry growth.	The South Australian Government is creating an environment where businesses from emerging industries, including defence and space, can invest, expand and create more jobs.
Ensuring South Australia is able to meet the workforce and skills demands of the defence industry to deliver major Defence projects.	The South Australian Government is committed to ensuring South Australians have the skills and are job-ready for key growth industries including defence.

Agency programs and initiatives and their effectiveness and efficiency
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Program name	Indicators of performance/effectiveness/efficiency	Outcome for South Australia
Investment attraction and industry development	In 2017-18, Defence SA provided support to Becker Helicopters to establish a new operating base in Whyalla. This will create 80 jobs and train 100-200 international students.	Defence SA's industry attraction and industry development activities support the creation of new
	Defence SA provided support to Raytheon Australia to establish their Centre for Joint Integration in South Australia. This will create over 350 new FTE positions by 2028.	jobs and a highly- skilled workforce. The development of the defence
	With support from the Defence SA Advisory Board, Defence SA continued its advocacy campaign. This aims to maximise Australian industry participation, develop sovereign industrial capability and ensure the creation of the highly-skilled workforce required for future maritime programs.	industry is crucial to the state's transition to a high-tech advanced manufacturing economy.
	In 2017-18, Defence SA hosted nine high profile diplomatic and industry delegations. This included those in relation to shipbuilding projects. These visits aim to maximise South Australian supply chain opportunities associated with the Future Submarine, Future Frigate and Offshore Patrol Vessel programs.	
	In August 2017, Defence SA hosted the third Defence SA Cyber Ready Forum. The forum focussed on cyber security requirements for small to medium enterprises and ensuring they are ready to undertake Defence opportunities. The event was attended by 92 participants from government and industry.	
	In September 2017, Defence SA led the state's participation at the Pacific International Maritime Exposition. The event showcased South Australia's maritime capabilities. It also created opportunities for collaboration in the maritime sector. Participants on the	

Program name	Indicators of performance/effectiveness/efficiency	Outcome for South Australia
	Defence State stand included 21 local industry participants, four universities and TAFE SA. This was a 17% increase in participation from the previous event in 2015.	
South Australian Space Industry Centre	The South Australian Space Industry Centre (SASIC) was launched in September 2017.This was prior to the International Astronautical Congress (IAC) that was hosted in Adelaide.	The space industry is a high-value, high-growth sector with the potential to create jobs and
	The SASIC exhibition stand at the IAC included 14 local industry participants, three government organisations and four educational institutes.	opportunities for South Australian workers. International
	The state continued to advocate for the creation of a national space agency. This effort was rewarded in September 2017 when the Australian Government announced that an Australian Space Agency would be created from 1 July 2018.	collaboration is a key activity in developing the industry. The Space Innovation Fund supports the
	In September 2017, the South Australian Government launched the \$4 million Space Innovation Fund. The Fund incorporates space scholarships and the space incubator and accelerator programs. In May 2018, five South Australians were awarded scholarships to undertake further overseas study. The space incubator program will commence in 2018-19 after UniSA was selected to administer the program.	development of young South Australian space entrepreneurs.
	South Australia signed three international collaboration agreements with the Italian Space Agency (ASI), German Space Agency (DLR) and the UAE Space Agency. Other opportunities were explored with NASA, the French Space Agency (CNES), Japanese Space Agency (JAXA) and other international private companies and research agencies.	
	The South Australian Government signed a Memorandum of	

Program name	Indicators of performance/effectiveness/efficiency	Outcome for South Australia
	Understanding with the ACT and Northern Territory Governments for collaboration in the space industry.	
	In 2017-18, SASIC hosted two South Australia Space forums. The April 2018 forum achieved a record attendance of more than 300 participants.	
Defence Innovation Partnership	In January 2018, the Defence Innovation Partnership was formalised. The Partnership is an agreement between the South Australian Government, Defence Science and Technology and the state's three universities – University of South Australia, Adelaide University and Flinders University.	The Defence Innovation Partnership was established to facilitate research and development collaboration. It will also create jobs and economic growth in
	A key component of the Defence Innovation Partnership is the Collaborative Research Grants program. In June 2018, \$600,000 in grants were awarded to the first round of recipients. Four projects were funded involving researchers from South Australia who will partner with researchers and industry from Australia and around the world. They will deliver research projects that are relevant to supporting the Australian Defence Force.	South Australia.
Skills and workforce development	Defence SA is leading a four-year whole-of-government Workforce and Skills Strategy. The strategy will provide a framework for engaging collaboratively with the Australian Government, industry and educational institutions to promote the opportunities that exist. It will also provide responsive and meaningful curriculum and qualifications to those who aspire to join the industry.	South Australian workers are able to take advantage of the Defence projects that are happening in the state. This includes \$89 billion of naval shipbuilding programs.

Program name	Indicators of performance/effectiveness/efficiency	Outcome for South Australia
Techport Australia	In May 2017, a Memorandum of Understanding was signed to transfer the state-owned Techport and its assets to the Australian Government for \$230 million.	\$230 million returned to the South Australian Government for the sale of Techport.
	Tranches 1 and 2 of the transfer were completed in 2017-18. This enabled the Australian Government to commence infrastructure construction at the shipyard ready for future ship and submarine builds. The shipyard construction project will create up to 600 local jobs.	

Legislation administered by the agency

Nil.

Organisation of the agency

As at 30 June 2018, Defence SA operated with the following business units:

- Corporate Services
- Defence and Industry
- Strategy, Skills and Intergovernmental Relations
- South Australian Space Industry Centre
- Defence Innovation Partnership

Other agencies related to this agency (within the Minister's area/s of responsibility)

Nil.

Employment opportunity programs

Program name	Result of the program
Aboriginal Employment Program	A new program was established to provide the opportunity for participants to gain experience in administrative, office and work management. This assists participants to pursue a career in the South Australian public sector. A successful applicant commenced the program in May 2018.
Space Industry Internship Program	The South Australian Space Industry Centre sponsors an intern from a local or international university for a period of up to three months. The program enables them to gain a deeper understanding of the space industry and connect with space industry professionals. Three interns completed the program in 2017-18.

Agency performance management and development systems

Performance management and development system	Assessment of effectiveness and efficiency
Staff Performance Management and Development System	All non-executive staff participate in an annual performance review process linked to training and development. This involves goal setting, a half-yearly review and an annual review. As at 30 June 2018, 100% of non-executive staff had completed an annual review.

Performance management and development system	Assessment of effectiveness and efficiency
Executive Performance Agreements	All SAES executives have developed an annual performance agreement with the Chief Executive. This involves goal setting, a mid-term review and an end-of-cycle review. As at 30 June 2018, 100% of executives had completed the end-of-cycle review.
Chief Executive Performance Agreement	The Chief Executive completed the goals and objectives component of the annual performance agreement with the Premier in January 2018. Due to the change in Government, as at 30 June 2018 the Chief Executive's end-of-cycle review is still to be finalised.

Work health, safety and return to work programs of the agency and their effectiveness

Program name and brief description	Effectiveness
Review of WHS systems	Following the sale of the Techport Australia Common User Facility on 30 November 2017, the agency WHS system was reviewed to reflect the change to a predominately office-based organisation.
Mental Health First Aid	Defence SA appointed two Mental Health First Aid Officers who have completed accredited training. This complements the existing Employee Assistance Program. Senior management have also received training on mental health first aid.
Organisational wellbeing	Staff sessions were held to discuss organisational wellbeing. This resulted in the implementation of a 'Working well together' program.
On-line WHS training	Defence SA participated in a whole-of-Government proof-of- concept trial for on-line WHS training. This included 'Health Safety and Wellbeing' and 'Respect at Work' modules.

Work health and safety and return to work performance

2017-18	2016-17	% Change (+ / -)
1	1	1
2	1	+ 100%
0	0	0%
0	0	0%
0	0	0%
ork health	and safety	regulation
0	0	0%
0	0	0%
1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
\$11,481	\$0	n/a
\$3,635	\$0	n/a
	2 0 0 0 0 0 Vork health 0 0 0 0 \$11,481	2 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 11,481 \$0

*number of claimants assessed during the reporting period as having a whole person impairment of 30% or more under the *Return to Work Act 2014 (Part 2 Division 5)* **before third party recovery

Data for previous years is available at: <u>https://data.sa.gov.au/data/dataset/whands-defencesa</u>

Fraud detected in the agency

Category/nature of fraud	Number of instances
N/A	0

Strategies implemented to control and prevent fraud

During 2016-17 the Fraud and Corruption Policy and associated procedures were reviewed and updated with ongoing reviews scheduled every two (2) years.

All staff completed the SA Public Sector Code of Ethics refresher training during November and December 2017. Fraud awareness training was conducted in February 2018.

The Audit and Risk Management Committee met quarterly in 2017-18 to monitor the Fraud Control Framework.

Data for previous years is available at: <u>https://data.sa.gov.au/data/dataset/fraud-detection-defencesa</u>

Whistle-blowers' disclosure

Number of occasions on which public interest information has been disclosed to a responsible	0
officer of the agency under the Whistle-blowers' Protection Act 1993	

Data for previous years is available at: <u>https://data.sa.gov.au/data/dataset/whistle-blower-defencesa</u>

Executive employment in the agency

Executive classification Number of execu	
EXECOA	1
SAES1	7

Data for previous years is available at: <u>https://data.sa.gov.au/data/dataset/executive-employment-defencesa</u>

The <u>Office of the Commissioner of Public Sector Employment</u> has a <u>data dashboard</u> for further information on the breakdown of executive gender, salary and tenure by agency.

Consultants

The following is a summary of external consultants that have been engaged by the agency, the nature of work undertaken and the total cost of the work undertaken.

Consultancies below \$10,000 eac	h	
Nil	N/A	0
	Subtotal	0

Consultancies above \$10,000 ea	ch	
Ernst & Young	Commercial structures supporting the Naval Shipbuilding Plan	\$99,800
Nova Professional Services Pty Ltd	Report to enable rapid establishment of a Space Innovation Environment	\$29,360
duMonde Group	South Australia space campaign	\$25,000
	Subtotal	\$154,160
Total all consultancies		\$154,160

Data for previous years is available at: https://data.sa.gov.au/data/dataset/consultants-defencesa

See also the Consolidated Financial Report of the Department of Treasury and Finance <u>http://treasury.sa.gov.au/</u> for total value of consultancy contracts across the SA Public Sector.

Contractors

The following is a summary of external contractors for amounts above \$10,000 that have been engaged by the agency, the nature of work undertaken and the total cost of the work undertaken.

Contractor	Purpose	Value
Alexander and Symonds Pty Ltd	Survey Services	\$23,066
ASC Shipbuilding Pty Ltd	Time Lapse Photography	\$27,767
Aurecon Australasia Pty Ltd	Civil Engineer / Design services	\$43,057
Birdon Pty Ltd	Dredging Services	\$411,072
BOC Limited	Common User Facility Operations and Maintenance	\$12,170
Costplan Pty Ltd	Cost Estimation Services	\$10,335
Covaris Pty Ltd	Maintenance Strategy Reviews	\$17,229
Dematec Automation Pty Ltd	Common User Facility Operations and Maintenance	\$35,214
Engie Fire Services Australia Pty Ltd	Common User Facility Operations and Maintenance	\$12,336
Fabrication and Welding Specialists Australia Pty Ltd	Temporary Operational Staff	\$36,040
Frazer-Nash Consultancy Ltd	Feasibility Study	\$18,900
Gardner Denver Industries Pty Ltd	Common User Facility Operations and Maintenance	\$12,590

Hays Specialist Recruitment (Australia) Pty Ltd	Temporary Operational Staff	\$34,719
Innovation Performance Australia Pty Ltd	Professional Services	\$36,443
jtwo solutions Pty Ltd	Architect / Design	\$16,644
Landscape Construction Services Pty Ltd T/As LCS Landscapes	Landscape Maintenance and Construction	\$119,332
Moto Projects Pty Ltd	Project Management	\$57,483
PricewaterhouseCoopers	Skills Study & Workshop	\$67,624
R McLachlan Developments Pty Ltd	Project Management	\$34,715
RCR O'Donnell Griffin Pty Ltd	Common User Facility Operations and Maintenance	\$12,640
Redbikini Pty Ltd	Marketing and Associated Services	\$46,270
Showpony Advertising	Marketing and Associated Services	\$43,391
Solstice Media Ltd	Marketing and Associated Services	\$38,500
Sydac Pty Ltd	Feasibility Study	\$24,118
Tonkin Consulting Pty Ltd	Civil Engineer / Design services	\$13,420
University of Adelaide (SA Centre for Economic Studies)	Economic Impact Studies	\$10,910
Van Den Berg Design Team Pty Ltd	Exhibition Stand Design and Construction	\$265,088
W-H Commercial Pty Ltd	Project Management	\$139,365

Data is available at: https://data.sa.gov.au/data/dataset/contractors-defencesa

The details of all South Australian Government-awarded contracts for goods, services, and works are displayed on the SA Tenders and Contracts website <u>here</u>.

The website also provides details of across government contracts here.

Financial performance of the agency

The following is a brief summary of the overall financial position of the agency. The information is unaudited. Full audited financial statements for 2017-18 are attached to this report.

Defence SA is a government agency of the state of South Australia, established pursuant to the *Public Sector Act 2009*. Defence SA operations are funded predominantly via appropriation. Prior to 30 November 2017, some external revenue was generated through the provision of services and facilities to the Australian Government and third party users of the Techport Australia Common User Facility.

In May 2017 the South Australian Government reached agreement with the Australian Government to transfer all Techport Australia assets and infrastructure to the Australian Government in 2017-18 for an agreed price of \$230 million. Settlement of the first tranche of assets was completed on 10 August 2017 with a consideration of \$20 million. Tranche two was settled on 30 November 2017, with the state receiving the remaining \$210 million.

Defence SA's net cost of providing service for the 2017-18 financial year was \$12.942 million, \$9.3 million less than the original budget. The reduced cost was primarily a result of a change in accounting treatment for the disposal of the Techport Australia assets. To comply with Australian accounting standards, the assets were revalued to the sale price and an impairment loss of \$11.5 million recognised in 2016-17. As a consequence, loss on disposal of \$6.8 million and depreciation expense of \$3.7 million budgeted for 2017-18 did not eventuate.

Following disposal of Techport Australia in 2017, Defence SA operations are focused on the attraction of Defence and defence industry to the state, including the emerging sectors of science and technology, cyber and space. Defence SA's expenditure will reflect this change in activity and will comprise agency operating costs together with payment of commitments for industry assistance grants established over recent years.

Other financial information

Nil

Section B: Reporting required under any other act or regulation

Reporting required under the Carers' Recognition Act 2005

The *Carers' Recognition Act* is deemed applicable for the following: Department of Human Services, Department for Education, Department for Health and Wellbeing, Department of State Development, Department of Planning, Transport and Infrastructure, South Australia Police and TAFE SA.

Section 7: Compliance or non-compliance with section 6 of the Carers Recognition Act 2005 and (b) if a person or body provides relevant services under a contract with the organisation (other than a contract of employment), that person's or body's compliance or non-compliance with section 6.

Defence SA is not required to report under the Carers' Recognition Act 2005.

Section C: Reporting of public complaints as requested by the Ombudsman

Summary of complaints by subject

Public complaints received by Defence SA	
Category of complaints by subject	Number of instances
Nil	0

Data for previous years is available at: <u>https://data.sa.gov.au/data/dataset/public-complaints-defencesa</u>

Complaint outcomes

Nature of complaint or suggestion	Services improved or changes as a result of complaints or consumer suggestions	
N/A	N/	Ά/

Appendix: Audited financial statements 2017-18



Auditor-General's Department

Level 9 State Administration Centre 200 Victoria Square Adelaide SA 5000 DX 56208 Victoria Square Tel +618 8226 9640 Fax +618 8226 9648 ABN 53 327 061 410 audgensa@audit.sa.gov.au

To the Chief Executive Defence SA

As required by section 31(1)(b) of the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987*, I have audited the financial report of Defence SA for the financial year ended 30 June 2018.

Opinion

In my opinion, the accompanying financial report gives a true and fair view of the financial position of the Defence SA as at 30 June 2018, its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the Treasurer's Instructions issued under the provisions of the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* and Australian Accounting Standards.

The financial report comprises:

- a Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended 30 June 2018
- a Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2018
- a Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 30 June 2018
- a Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 30 June 2018
- notes, comprising significant accounting policies and other explanatory information
- a Certificate from the Chief Executive and the Executive Director, Corporate Services.

Basis for opinion

I conducted the audit in accordance with the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* and Australian Auditing Standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the 'Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report' section of my report. I am independent of Defence SA. The *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* establishes the independence of the Auditor-General. In conducting the audit, the relevant ethical requirements of APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants have been met.

I believe that the audit evidence obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Responsibilities of the Chief Executive for the financial report

The Chief Executive is responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with the Treasurer's Instructions issued under the provisions of the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* and the Australian Accounting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Chief Executive
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

My report refers only to the financial report described above and does not provide assurance over the integrity of electronic publication by the entity on any website nor does it provide an opinion on other information which may have been hyperlinked to/from the report.

I communicate with the Chief Executive about, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during the audit.

netsed

Andrew Richardson Auditor-General 15 August 2018

Certification of the Financial Statements

We certify that the attached general purpose financial statements for Defence SA:

- comply with relevant Treasurer's Instructions issued under section 41 of the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987,* and relevant Australian Accounting Standards;
- are in accordance with the accounts and records of Defence SA; and
- present a true and fair view of the financial position of Defence SA as at 30 June 2018 and the results of its operation and cash flows for the financial year.

We certify that the internal controls employed by Defence SA for the financial year over its financial reporting and its preparation of the general purpose financial statements have been effective throughout the reporting period.

Richard Price Chief Executive 10 Maguit September 2018

Robert Barnett Executive Director, Corporate Services

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

for the year ended 30 June 2018

	Note	2018 \$' 000	2017 \$' 000
Expenses			
Employee benefits expenses	3	5,316	5,725
Supplies and services	5	5,870	8,091
Depreciation and amortisation	6	3	6,832
Grants and subsidies	7	5,517	4,530
Impairment losses	8	-	11,525
Resources received free of charge	13	66	-
Other expenses	9	666	141
Total expenses		17,438	36,844
Income			
Revenues from fees and charges	10	1,717	4,686
Grants	11	1,869	8,794
Techport Australia recoveries	12	743	562
Resources received free of charge	13	66	-
Other income	14	101	116
Total income		4,496	14,158
Net cost of providing services		(12,942)	(22,686)
Revenues from/(payments to) SA Government			
Revenues from SA Government	15	19,467	20,808
Payments to SA Government	15	(160,010)	-
Net result		(153,485)	(1,878)
Total comprehensive result		(153,485)	(1,878)

The net result and total comprehensive result are attributable to the SA Government as owner.

The above Statement of Comprehensive Income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

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as at 30 June 2018

	Note	2018	2017
	No.	\$' 000	\$' 000
Current assets			
Cash	16	10,005	34,617
Receivables	17	1,115	3,343
Non-current assets classified as held for sale	18	-	230,000
Total current assets		11,120	267,960
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	19	9	12
Total non-current assets		9	12
Total assets		11,129	267,972
Current liabilities			
Payables	20	1,309	2,489
Employee benefits	21	481	674
Provisions	22	4	4
Total current liabilities	•	1,794	3,167
Non-current liabilities			
Payables	20	13	22
Employee benefits	21	222	372
Provisions	22	6	9
Total non-current liabilities	-	241	403
Total liabilities	-	2,035	3,570
Net assets	-	9,094	264,402
Equity			
Contributed capital	23	-	101,823
Retained earnings	23	9,094	162,579
Total equity		9,094	264,402
The total equity is attributable to the SA Government as owner.	-		
Unrecognised contractual commitments	24		
	2- 1		

Contingent assets and liabilities

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

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STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

for the year ended 30 June 2018

	Note	Contributed capital	Retained earnings	Total equity
		\$' 000	\$' 000	\$' 000
Balance at 30 June 2016		101,823	164,457	266,280
Net result for 2016-17			(1,878)	(1,878)
Total comprehensive result for 2016-17		-	(1,878)	(1,878)
Balance at 30 June 2017		101,823	162,579	264,402
Net result for 2017-18			(153,485)	(153,485)
Total comprehensive result for 2017-18		-	(153,485)	(153,485)
Transactions with SA Government as owner				
Equity contribution repaid	23	(101,823)	-	(101,823)
Balance at 30 June 2018		.	9,094	9,094

All changes in equity are attributable to the SA Government as owner.

The above Statement of Changes in Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

for the year ended 30 June 2018

	Note	2018	2017
		\$' 000	\$' 000
		Inflows	Inflows
Cash flows from operating activities		(Outflows)	(Outflows)
Cash outflows		, ,	(, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Employee benefits payments		(5,685)	(5,619)
Payments for supplies and services		(7,163)	(10,053)
Payments of grants and subsidies		(6,260)	(3,821)
GST paid to the ATO		(21,776)	-
Other payments		(511)	(12)
Cash used in operations		(41,395)	(19,505)
Cash inflows			
Grants		2,692	7,730
Fees and charges		2,491	4,826
Techport Australia recoveries		799	523
GST recovered from the ATO		-	478
GST from sale of property, plant and equipment		23,000	-
Other receipts		167	182
Cash generated from operations		29,149	13,739
Cash flows from SA Government			
Receipts from SA Government		19,467	20,808
Payments to SA Government		(160,010)	
Cash generated from SA Government		(140,543)	20,808
Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities		(152,789)	15,042
Cash flows from investing activities			
Cash outflows			(0.050)
Payments for property, plant and equipment		-	(3,650)
Payments for capital work in progress		-	(4,361)
Cash used in investing activities		**	(8,011)
Cash inflows		000 000	
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		230,000	-
Cash generated from investing activities			- (0.014)
Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities		230,000	(8,011)
Cash flows from financing activities Cash outflows			
Capital contributions repaid to government		(101,823)	-
Cash used in financing activities		(101,823)	
Net cash used in financing activities		(101,823)	
Net increase/(decrease) in cash		(24,612)	7,031
Cash at the beginning of the period		34,617	27,586
Cash at the end of the period	16	10,005	34,617

The above Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

NO	ΤE	IND	EΧ

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1 Basis of Financial Statements

1.1 Reporting entity

Defence SA is a government agency of the State of South Australia, established pursuant to the *Public Sector Act 2009*. Defence SA is an administrative unit acting on behalf of the Crown.

Defence SA does not control any other entity and has no interests in unconsolidated structured entities.

1.2 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with section 23 of the *Public Finance* and *Audit Act 1987.*

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements. The accounts have been prepared in accordance with relevant Australian Accounting Standards (Reduced Disclosure Requirements) and comply with Treasurer's Instructions and Accounting Policy Statements promulgated under the provisions of the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987*.

Defence SA has applied Australian Accounting Standards that are applicable to not-for-profit entities.

Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations that have recently been issued or amended but are not yet effective, have not been adopted by Defence SA for the period ending 30 June 2018.

1.3 Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared based on a 12 month period and presented in Australian currency.

The historical cost convention is used unless a different measurement basis is specifically disclosed in the note associated with that item.

All amounts in the financial statements and accompanying notes have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars (\$'000).

Assets and liabilities that are to be sold, consumed or realised as part of the normal operating cycle have been classified as current assets or current liabilities. All other assets and liabilities are classified as non-current.

Significant accounting policies are set out in the notes.

1.4 Taxation

Defence SA is not subject to income tax. Defence SA is liable for payroll tax, fringe benefits tax, goods and services tax (GST) and the emergency services levy.

Income, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST except:

- when the GST incurred on a purchase of goods or services is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO), in which case the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item applicable; and
- receivables and payables, which are stated with the amount of GST included.

The amount of GST recoverable from the ATO is included as a part of receivables and the amount payable to the ATO is included as a part of payables in the Statement of Financial Position.

Cash flows are included in the Statement of Cash Flows on a gross basis and the GST component of cash flows arising from the investing and financing activities, which is recoverable from, or payable to the ATO is classified as part of operating cash flows.

2 Objectives and activities

2.1 Objectives

Defence SA is South Australia's lead government agency for all defence related matters. Defence SA's mission is to grow the defence industry and strengthen the Australian Defence Force's presence in the state. Working closely with Defence and industry, Defence SA targets investment and expansion opportunities, drives and supports the delivery of major defence projects and facilities, and pursues the location of additional Defence units and capabilities in the state.

Defence SA aims to support the Australian Government's strategic defence policy, through increased local industry participation and ensuring that a highly skilled, industry-ready workforce is in place and the necessary infrastructure exists to underpin defence projects. The agency was also responsible for delivery of the Government of South Australia's commitments to the Air Warfare Destroyer (AWD) program including the provision of the Techport Australia Common User Facility until 30 November 2017 when the assets and operations of Techport were transferred to Australian Naval Infrastructure Pty Ltd (Australian Government entity).

Defence SA is working towards capturing further Defence and defence industry related work for South Australian businesses in the shipbuilding, cyber and systems, defence science and research and space domains.

Launched in September 2017, the new South Australian Space Industry Centre (SASIC), marked the creation of the nation's first dedicated centre to grow the local space economy and create future high-tech jobs. SASIC builds on the work of the previous Space Industry Office at Defence SA to drive space industry innovation, research and entrepreneurial development.

2.2 Activities of Defence SA

In achieving its objectives Defence SA provides a range of services classified into the following activities:

Activity 1 - Defence Industry Development

This program delivers strategy and policy development that, together with guidance from the Defence SA Advisory Board, provides leadership across government on all defence related matters.

It targets national and international business development opportunities and supports Defence SA's administrative, financial and operational services.

The program delivers local industry participation and ensures that a highly skilled, industry-ready workforce is in place and the necessary infrastructure exists to underpin defence projects.

This program seeks to support the growth of Defence and sustainable defence industries in South Australia across shipbuilding, cyber and systems and defence science and research domains.

The program also incorporates the state's initiatives to promote the growth of defence research and development activity in South Australia through the Defence Innovation Partnership established in collaboration with the Australian Government and the three South Australian based universities.

2.2 Activities of Defence SA (continued)

Activity 2 - South Australian Space Industry Centre

The South Australian Space Industry Centre (SASIC) facilitates industry collaboration with the space sector at all levels, locally, nationally and internationally. A key aspect of SASIC's role is to facilitate connections amongst space sector entities within industry, academia and government.

A \$4 million Space Innovation Fund has been established to support space entrepreneurs create, an incubator for space projects and an environment where new space technologies can be rapidly developed and brought to market over the next four years. The fund provides funding in three key areas; space scholarships, space incubator program and a space accelerator program.

Activity 3 – Techport Australia (formerly Activity 2)

This program delivered the state's shipbuilding and infrastructure commitment to the Air Warfare Destroyer (AWD) project through establishment and operation of Techport Australia as Australia's premier naval industry hub.

In May 2017, a Memorandum of Understanding was signed to transfer the state-owned Techport and its assets to the Australian Government. The transfer included the Common User Facility (CUF) and all associated infrastructure and equipment, the Maritime Skills Centre, the CUF expansion land, vacant land within the Techport Australia Suppliers Precinct and some adjacent vacant land.

The majority of assets and operations were acquired by Australian Naval Infrastructure Pty Ltd (Australian Government entity) on 30 November 2017, when Defence SA ceased to operate the facility.

2.3 Expenses and income by activity

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Refer Note 2.2 for detailed activity descriptionsDefence Industry DevelopmentSouth AustralianTechport Australia20182017201820172018201320192010\$'000\$'000\$'000\$'000\$'000Employee benefits expenses3,7954563371,0671,55Employee benefits expenses3,7954,5301482,7814,65Carans and services3,7954,5301221,0671,55Supplies and services3,3954,5301221,1551,155Carans and subsidies5,3954,5301221,261,155Impairment loses5,3954,5301221,261,155Carans and subsidies1,17491,17491,17491,1554,4222,456Impairment loses921,17491,17491,1561,1554,564,4222,456Interience921,17491,17491,17491,7174,464,46Interiences1,1674,661,851,7174,464,46Resources received free of charge661,17491,7491,7174,66Interience1,5574,5641981,7174,664,65Interience1,5571,6641982,774,664,65Interience661,7631,7031,7174,664,65Interience661,7641,7641,7361,7174,66 <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>									
2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2018 2017 2018 2010 5 900 900	Refer Note 2.2 for detailed activity descriptions	Defence Ir Develop	ldustry ment	South Au Space Indus	istralian stry Centre	Tech Austı	port ralia	Total Defence SA	ence SA
\$`000 \$`000 <th< th=""><th></th><th>2018</th><th>2017</th><th>2018</th><th>2017</th><th>2018</th><th>2017</th><th>2018</th><th>2017</th></th<>		2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
refits expenses 3,793 3,795 456 337 1,067 services 2,400 3,305 689 148 2,781 and amortisation 3,305 689 148 2,781 and amortisation 5,395 4,530 122 - - and amortisation 5,395 4,530 122 - - - asses 5,395 4,530 122 - <t< td=""><td></td><td>\$, 000</td><td>\$, 000</td><td>\$, 000</td><td>\$, 000</td><td>\$,000</td><td>\$, 000</td><td>\$, 000</td><td>\$, 000</td></t<>		\$, 000	\$, 000	\$, 000	\$, 000	\$,000	\$, 000	\$, 000	\$, 000
nefits expenses 3,795 456 337 1,067 services 2,400 3,305 689 148 2,781 services 3,305 689 148 2,781 and amortisation 5,395 4,530 122 - - and amortisation 5,395 4,530 122 - - - and amortisation 5,395 4,530 122 - <td< td=""><td>Expenses</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td></td<>	Expenses							-	
services 2,400 3,305 689 148 2,781 and amortisation 3 5 5 -	Employee benefits expenses	3,793	3,795	456	337	1,067	1,593	5.316	5.725
and amortisation 3 5 -	Supplies and services	2,400	3,305	689	148	2,781	4,638	5.870	8.091
Ibsidies 5,395 4,530 122 -	Depreciation and amortisation	n	5	1	ł		6,827	n	6.832
sees -	Grants and subsidies	5,395	4,530	122	3	T		5,517	4.530
ceived free of charge 66 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 574 - - 574 - 574 - - 574 - - - 1,717 - 1,717 - 1,717 - 1,717 - 1,717 - 1,717 - 1,717 - - - 1,717 - - 1,717 - 1,717 - 1,717 - 1,717 - 1,717 - 1,717 - 1,717 - 1,717 - 1,717 - 1,714 - - 1,723 1,423 <t< td=""><td>Impairment losses</td><td>1</td><td>ł</td><td></td><td>1</td><td>I</td><td>11,525</td><td>1</td><td>11,525</td></t<>	Impairment losses	1	ł		1	I	11,525	1	11,525
es 92 114 - - 574 n1,749 11,749 11,749 1,267 485 4,422 m fees and charges - 18 - 17,17 m fees and charges 1,657 4,664 198 - 1,717 tralia recoveries - - 18 - 1,717 tralia recoveries - - 18 - 1,717 ceived free of charge 66 - - - - - ceived free of charge 65 - <	Resources received free of charge	66	ł	3	1	E	i	99	
11,74911,7491,267 485 $4,422$ m fees and charges-18-1,717m fees and charges1,657 $4,664$ 198-1,717tralia recoveries- $4,664$ 198-743tralia recoveries743ceived free of charge 66 66 66 743 39 743 39237-2,474- 710 $6,964$ $6,951$ $(1,030)$ (485) $(1,948)$ (1	Other expenses	92	114	3	1	574	27	666	141
nues from fees and charges - 18 - 1,717 s 1,657 4,664 198 - 14 sort Australia recoveries 1,657 4,664 198 - 14 oort Australia recoveries 66 - - 743 - 743 urces received free of charge 66 - </td <td>Total expenses</td> <td></td> <td>11,749</td> <td>1,267</td> <td>485</td> <td>4,422</td> <td>24,610</td> <td>17,438</td> <td>36.844</td>	Total expenses		11,749	1,267	485	4,422	24,610	17,438	36.844
ges - 18 - 1,717 1,657 4,664 198 - 1,717 - 1,657 4,664 198 - 14 - - - - 14 - - - - 743 - - - - 743 arge 66 - - - - 62 116 39 - - - - 1,785 4,798 237 - 2,474 - - - (9,964) (6,951) (1,030) (485) (1,948) (-	Income								
1,657 4,664 198 - 14 - - - - 743 - 66 - - - 743 62 116 39 - - - 1,785 4,798 237 - 2,474 - (9,964) (6,951) (1,030) (485) (1,948) (Revenues from fees and charges		18	I	1	1,717	4.668	1.717	4.686
arge c c c c 743 arge 66 - - - 743 62 116 39 - - - 1,785 4,798 237 - 2,474 (9,964) (6,951) (1,030) (485) (1,948)	Grants		4,664	198	F	14	4,130	1.869	8.794
large 66	Techport Australia recoveries	ſ	1	F	ł	743	562	743	562
62 116 39 - <td>Resources received free of charge</td> <td>66</td> <td>1</td> <td>3</td> <td>1</td> <td>ł</td> <td>1</td> <td>99</td> <td>1</td>	Resources received free of charge	66	1	3	1	ł	1	99	1
1,785 4,798 237 - 2,474 (9,964) (6,951) (1,030) (485) (1,948) (Other income	62	116	39	1	1	I	101	116
(9,964) (6,951) (1,030) (485) (1,948) (Total income	_	4,798	237	1	2,474	9,360	4.496	14.158
	Net cost of providing services	(9,964)	(6,951)	(1,030)	(485)	(1,948)	(15,250)	(12,942)	(22,686)
Sovernment	Revenues from/(payments to) SA Government								
ent	Revenues from SA Government ¹¹	19,467	20,808	ł	I		'	19,467	20,808
Payments to SA Government (160,010)	Payments to SA Government	(160,010)		1	ı	I	1	(160,010)	1
Net result (150,507) 13,857 (1,030) (485) (1,948) (15,25)	Net result	(150,507)	13,857	(1,030)	(485)	(1,948)	(15,250)	(153,485)	(1,878)

⁽¹⁾ Revenues from SA Government are provided to fund the operating activities of Defence SA and have not been allocated between activities.

2.4 Assets and liabilites by activity

as at 30 June 2018

Refer Note 2.2 for detailed activity descriptions	Defence Industry Development	ndustry ment	South Australian Space Industry Centre	stralian ry Centre	Techport Australia	Techport Australia	Total Defence SA	ence SA
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
	\$' 000	\$' 000	\$' 000	\$' 000	\$, 000	\$, 000	\$, 000	\$, 000
Assets								
Cash ⁽¹⁾	10,005	34,617	ł	1	1	1	10,005	34,617
Receivables	1,088	1,981	9	121	21	1,241	1,115	3,343
Non-current assets classified as held for sale	8	1	l	1	•	230,000		230,000
Property, plant and equipment	6	12		1	1	1	0	12
Total assets	11,102	36,610	9	121	21	231,241	11,129	267,972
Liabilities								
Payables	1,148	1,525	129	83	45	903	1.322	2.511
Employee benefits	555	708	109	1	39	338	703	1.046
Provisions	10	13	•	I	1	ł	10	13
Total liabilities	1,713	2,246	238	83	84	1,241	2,035	3.570
Net assets	9,389	34,364	(232)	38	(63)	230,000	9,094	264,402

⁽¹⁾ Cash has not been allocated between activities.

3 Employee benefits - expenses

3.1 Employee benefits expenses

	2018	2017
	\$' 000	\$' 000
Salaries and wages	3,974	4,050
Targeted Voluntary Separation Packages (refer note 3.2)	122	97
Long service leave	(86)	108
Annual leave	221	382
Skills and experience retention leave	5	4
Employment on-costs - superannuation ⁽¹⁾	417	435
Employment on-costs - other	248	252
Advisory Board and committee fees (refer note 4)	309	331
Workers compensation	8	(17)
Other employee related expenses	98	83
Total employee benefits expenses	5,316	5,725

⁽¹⁾ The superannuation employment on-cost charge represents Defence SA's contribution to superannuation plans in respect of current services of current employees.

3.2 Targeted Voluntary Separation Packages

	2018 \$' 000	2017 \$' 000
Amount paid to separated employees:	400	07
Targeted Voluntary Separation Packages Leave paid to those employees	122 57	97 62
Total Targeted Voluntary Separation Packages	179	159

The number of employees who received a Targeted Voluntary Separation Package during the reporting period was 2 (1).

3.3 Key management personnel

Key management personnel of Defence SA include the Premier, the former Minister for Defence Industries, the Chief Executive and members of the Executive Team who have the responsibility for the strategic direction and management of Defence SA.

Total compensation paid by Defence SA for key management personnel was \$1.190 million (\$1.305 million). Salaries and other benefits paid to the Minister responsible for Defence SA are excluded from this total. The Ministers' remuneration and allowances are set by the *Parliamentary Remuneration Act 1990* and the Remuneration Tribunal of SA respectively and are payable from the Consolidated Account (via the Department of Treasury and Finance) under section 6 of the *Parliamentary Remuneration Act 1990*.

3.4 Remuneration of employees		
	2018	2017
	\$' 000	\$' 000
The number of employees whose remuneration received or receivable falls within		
the following bands:	No	No
\$149 001 to \$159 000	1	1
\$159 001 to \$169 000	1	1
\$169 001 to \$179 000	-	2
\$179 001 to \$189 000	1	-
\$189 001 to \$199 000	1	-
\$199 001 to \$209 000	2	2
\$209 001 to \$219 000	1	1
\$219 001 to \$229 000	-	1
\$229 001 to \$239 000	1	-
\$239 001 to \$249 000	-	1
\$269 001 to \$279 000*	1	1
\$319 001 to \$329 000	1	-
\$389 001 to \$399 000*	1	-
\$399 001 to \$409 000	-	1
Total number of employees	11	11

The table includes all employees who received remuneration equal to or greater than the base executive remuneration level during the year.

Remuneration of employees reflects all costs of employment including salaries and wages, payments in lieu of leave, superannuation contributions, salary sacrifice benefits and fringe benefits and any fringe benefits tax paid or payable in respect of those benefits.

The total remuneration received by these employees for the year was \$2.552 million (\$2.447 million).

* Total of salaries and contract termination payments paid to executives whose contracts were terminated during the year.

4 Remuneration of Advisory Board and committee members

Members of the Defence SA Advisory Board during the financial year were: ACM Sir A Houston AK AFC (Ret'd) (Chair) Hon S Marshall MP Premier (appointed to Board 19/03/18)* Hon J Weatherill MP (retired from Board 17/03/18)* Hon M Hamilton-Smith MP (retired from Board18/01/18)* Dr N Bryans VADM R Crane AO CSM RANR (Ret'd) A Keough (retired from Board 15/10/17)** S Ludlam FREng LTGEN P Leahy AC (Ret'd) (retired from Board 21/11/17) Prof T Monro R Price (appointed to Board 16/10/17) Prof P Quester RADM T Ruting AM CSC RANR (Ret'd)

Members of the Audit and Risk Management Committee during the financial year were:

C McSporran (independent member/chair) **

R Barnett **

P Robertson (independent member)

- J Holmes (independent member) **
- S Ludlam FREng (independent member)

The number of members whose remuneration received or receivable falls within the following bands is:

	2018	2017
	No.	No.
\$1 to \$9 999	1	3
\$10 000 to \$19 999	1	-
\$30 000 to \$39 999	6	7
\$70 000 to \$79 999	1	1
Total number of members	9	11

Remuneration of members reflects all costs of performing board/committee member duties including sitting fees, superannuation contributions, salary sacrifice benefits and fringe benefits and any fringe benefits tax paid or payable in respect of those benefits. Total remuneration received or receivable, by board and committee members was \$338 000 (\$362 000).

* The Premier the Hon Stephen Marshall MP, the former Premier the Hon J Weatherill MP and the former Minister for Defence Industries the Hon M Hamilton-Smith MP did not receive any remuneration for board duties during the period.

** Pursuant to the Department of Premier and Cabinet Circular PC016, government employees did not receive any remuneration for board/committee duties during the financial year.

5 Supplies and services

	2018 \$' 000	2017 \$' 000
Accommodation and service costs	322	302
Consultants (refer note 5.2)	154	204
Contractors	1,410	1,687
Electricity	738	1,533
Gas and gas equipment	61	155
Insurance	40	96
Legal fees	204	180
Minor plant and equipment	39	115
Promotion and events	1,203	1,393
Property	133	275
Provision of corporate services under Service Level Agreements	216	329
Security services	259	652
Staff safety, development and recruitment	105	147
Travel and related expenses	359	286
Other expenses	627	737
Total supplies and services	5,870	8,091

The total supplies and services amount disclosed includes GST amounts not recoverable from the ATO where Defence SA does not hold a valid tax invoice or for payments relating to third party arrangements.

5.1 Operating leases

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term, as it is representative of the pattern of benefits derived from the leased assets.

5.2 Consultants

The number and dollar amount of consultants paid/payable that fell within the following bands:

		2018		2017
	No	\$' 000	No	\$' 000
Below \$10 000	-	-	-	-
\$10 000 and above	3	154	1	204
Total paid/payable to the consultants engaged	3	154	1	204
6 Depreciation and amortisation

	2018 \$' 000	2017 \$' 000
Buildings and improvements	-	174
Plant and equipment	3	91
Harbour and port facilities	-	6,567
Total depreciation and amortisation	3	6,832

All non-current assets, having a limited useful life, are systematically depreciated/amortised over their useful lives in a manner that reflects the consumption of their service potential.

The value of leasehold improvements is amortised over the estimated useful life of each improvement, or the unexpired period of the relevant lease, whichever is shorter.

Land and non-current assets held for sale are not depreciated.

6.1 Useful life

Depreciation/Amortisation is calculated on a straight line basis over the estimated useful life of the classes of assets as follows:

Class of asset	Useful life (years)
Harbour and port facilities	5-50
Buildings and improvements	6-40
Leasehold improvements	Life of lease
Plant and equipment	4-25

6.2 Revision of accounting estimates

Assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation/amortisation methods are reviewed and adjusted if appropriate, on an annual basis.

Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset are accounted for prospectively by changing the time period or method, as appropriate, which is a change in accounting estimate.

7 Grants and subsidies

	2018	2017
	\$' 000	\$' 000
Defence Teaming Centre	1,000	1,548
AWD program	1,950	682
Industry assistance	1,400	2,170
Research programs	662	-
Intra-government payments	505	130
Total grants and subsidies	5,517	4,530
8 Impairment losses		
	2018	2017
	\$' 000	\$' 000
Impairment losses (refer note 18)	-	11,525
Total impairment losses		11,525

In May 2017, the state entered into a Memorandum of Understanding for the transfer of the Techport Australia assets and operations to Australian Naval Infrastructure Pty Ltd (Australian Government entity) during the 2017-18 year. An impairment loss was recognised on reclassification of these assets to non-current assets classified as held for sale.

9 Other expenses

	2018	2017
	\$' 000	\$' 000
Audit fees - Auditor General	41	40
Internal audit	76	82
Bad debts	-	99
Allowances for doubtful debts (refer note 17)	139	(98)
Other ⁽¹⁾	410	18
Total other expenses	666	141

⁽¹⁾ During the 2016-17 year spare parts and components to the value of \$407 000 were ordered for the Techport Australia Common User Facility; these were delivered during the 2017-18 year and included in the transfer of the facility to Australian Naval Infrastructure Pty Ltd (Australian Government entity). In line with Australian Accounting standard AASB 116 these have been expensed in the 2017-18 year.

10 Revenues from fees and charges

to nevenues nom nees and charges	2018	2017
	\$' 000	\$' 000
CUF priority access fee	1,139	2,721
Techport Australia other fees	578	1,947
Renewal SA income	-	18
Total fees and charges	1,717	4,686
11 Grants		
	2018	2017
	\$' 000	\$' 000
Intra-government transfers - industry assistance programs	1,648	4,664
ASC AWD Shipbuilder Pty Ltd contribution to CUF infrastructure	14	4,130
Other	207	-
Total grants	1,869	8,794
12 Technert Australia reservation		
12 Techport Australia recoveries	2018	2017
	\$' 000	\$' 000
	\$ 000	φ 000
Techport Australia recoveries	743	562
Total Techport Australia recoveries	743	562
13 Resources received free of charge		
	2018	2017
	\$' 000	\$' 000
Services received free of charge from Shared Services SA	66	-
Total resources received free of charge	66	······
14 Other income		
	2018	2017
	\$' 000	\$' 000
Event participation fees	101	116
Total other income	101	116
		110

DEFENCE SA	· ··· ································	
15 Revenues from/(payments) to SA Government		
	2018	2017
	\$' 000	\$' 000
Revenues from SA Government		
Appropriations from Consolidated Account pursuant to the		
Appropriation Act	18,457	20,808
Transfers received - Department of Treasury and Finance	1,010	-
Total revenues from SA Government	19,467	20,808
Payments to SA Government		
Return of surplus cash pursuant to cash alignment policy	(1,456)	-
Return of accrual appropriation associated with the transfer of assets	(30,377)	-
Proceeds from the sale of Techport Australia assets (refer note 18 and 23)	(128,177)	-
Total payments to SA Government	(160,010)	-

Appropriations are recognised on receipt.

Where money has been appropriated in the form of an equity contribution, the Treasurer has acquired a financial interest in the net assets of Defence SA and the appropriation is recorded as contributed capital.

16 Cash

	2018 \$' 000	2017 \$' 000
Deposits with the Treasurer	6,578	8,442
Deposits with the Treasurer - Accrual Appropriation Excess Funds Account	3,427	26,175
Total cash	10,005	34,617

16.1 Deposits with the Treasurer

Defence SA has two deposit accounts with the Treasurer, a General Operating Account and an Accrual Appropriation Excess Funds Account. Although Defence SA controls the money in the Accrual Appropriation Account its use must be approved by the Treasurer. Defence SA does not earn interest on its deposits with the Treasurer.

17 Receivables

	2018 \$' 000	2017 \$' 000
Current	+	+
Receivables and accrued income	931	2,368
Less allowance for doubtful debts	(153)	(1)
Prepayments	209	289
GST input tax recoverable	128	687
Total current receivables	1,115	3,343

17.1 Movement in the allowance for doubtful debts

The allowance for doubtful debts (allowance for impairment loss) is recognised when there is objective evidence that a receivable is impaired.

An allowance for impairment loss has been recognised in 'other expenses' in the Statement of Comprehensive Income for specific debtors for which such evidence exists.

	2018 \$' 000	2017 \$' 000
Carrying amount at the beginning of the period	1	99
Increase in allowance	153	1
Amounts written off	-	(99)
Amounts recovered during the year	(1)	-
Carrying amount at the end of the period	153	1

17.2 Interest and credit risk

Receivables arise in the normal course of selling goods and services to external entities. Receivables are generally settled within 30 days after the issue of an invoice or the goods/services have been provided under a contractual arrangement. Receivables, prepayments and accrued revenues are non-interest bearing.

Collectability of receivables is reviewed on an ongoing basis. An allowance for doubtful debts is raised when there is objective evidence that Defence SA may not be able to collect the debt. Bad debts are written off when identified.

18 Non-current assets classified as held for sale

	2018	2017
	\$' 000	\$' 000
Land only holdings	-	13,895
Site land	-	2,500
Buildings and improvements	-	4,975
Plant and equipment	-	454
Harbour and port facilities		208,176
Total non-current assets classified as held for sale		230,000

Non-current assets are classified as held for sale and carried at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sales transaction rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the sale is highly probable and the asset's sale is expected to be completed within one year from the date of classification.

In May 2017 the state signed a Memorandum of Understanding to transfer the Techport Australia Common User Facility and associated assets to Australian Naval Infrastructure Pty Ltd (Australian Government entity) during the 2017-18 year. The sale was completed during 2017-18 and Defence SA is no longer responsible for the Techport Australia operations.

18.1 Reconciliation of non-current assets classified as held for sale	le				
The following table shows the movement of non-current assets classified as held for sale during 2016-17	on-current assets c	lassified as held f	for sale during 2	016-17	
	Land	Buildings	Plant and	Harbour and	Total assets
	\$, 000	\$' 000	equipment	port facilities \$' 000	\$, 000
Carrying amount at the beginning of the period Property, plant and equipment transferred to held for sale	_ 26,020	5,715	- 471	- 208,984	- 241,190
Capital works in progress transferred to held for sale Impairment loss recognised on transfer (refer note 9)	- (9,625)	- (740)	- (17)	335 (1,143)	335 (11.525)
Assets classified as held for sale	16,395	4,975	454	208,176	230,000
The following table shows the movement of non-current assets classified as held for sale during 2017-18	on-current assets	classified as hel	ld for sale durir	ıg 2017-18	
	Land	Buildings	Plant and equipment	Harbour and port facilities	Total assets
	\$' 000	\$, 000	\$, 000	\$, 000	\$' 000
Carrying amount at the beginning of the period	16,395	4,975	454	208,176	230,000
Asset sales to Australian Naval Infrastructure Pty Ltd	(16,395)	(4,975)	(454)	(208,176)	(230,000)
Assets classified as held for sale		*	3	*	

DEFENCE SA		
19 Property, plant and equipment		
	2018	2017
	\$' 000	\$' 000
Leasehold improvements		
Leasehold improvements at cost	884	884
Accumulated amortisation at the end of the period	(884)	(884)
Total leasehold improvements	······	_
Plant and equipment		
Plant and equipment at cost	27	27
Accumulated depreciation at the end of the period	(18)	(15)
Total plant and equipment	9	12
Total buildings and improvements, plant and equipment	9	12
Total property, plant and equipment	911	911
Total accumulated depreciation/amortisation at the end of the period	(902)	(899)
Total property, plant and equipment	9	12

19.1 Acquisition and recognition

Non-current assets are initially recorded at cost or at the value of any liabilities assumed, plus any incidental cost involved with the acquisition.

Other asset classes are subsequently measured at fair value less accumulated depreciation.

Where assets are acquired at no value, or minimal value, they are recorded at fair value in the Statement of Financial Position.

However, if the assets are acquired at no or nominal value as part of a restructuring of administrative arrangements then the assets are recognised at book value, i.e. the amount recorded by the transferor public authority immediately prior to the restructure.

All non-current tangible assets with a value equal to or in excess of \$10 000 are capitalised.

Complex assets are componentised when the asset's fair value at the time of acquisition is equal to, or in excess of \$5 million for infrastructure assets and \$1 million for other assets.

19.2 Valuation of land and buildings

All non-current tangible assets are valued at written down current cost (a proxy for fair value) and revaluation of non-current assets or group of assets (excluding specialised assets) will only be performed when the assets' fair value at the time of acquisition is greater than \$1 million and estimated useful life is greater than three years. The Treasurer approved that specialised assets (Techport Australia Common User Facility (CUF)) did not need to be revalued until 30 June 2024.

Every six years Defence SA revalues its land and buildings (excluding CUF) via an independent Certified Practicing Valuer.

If at any time, management considers that the carrying amount of an asset materially differs from its fair value, then the asset will be revalued regardless of when the last valuation took place.

Non-current tangible assets that are acquired between revaluations are held at cost until the next valuation, where they are revalued to fair value. Defence SA's land, buildings and associated plant and equipment were last revalued in the year ended 30 June 2012.

19.3 Carrying amount of leasehold improvements, plant and equipment

All leasehold improvements and items of plant and equipment that had a fair value at the time of acquisition that was less than \$1 million or had an estimated life of less than three years, have not been revalued in accordance with Accounting Policy Framework III. The carrying value of these assets are deemed to approximate fair value.

19.4 Impairment

Impairment losses of \$11.525 million were recognised during 2016-17 as a result of the reclassification of Techport Australia assets as non-current assets held for sale.

19.5 Reconciliation of property, plant and equipment					
The following table shows the movement of property, plant and equipment during 2016-17	/ement of property, plan	t and equipment	during 2016-17		
	Land	Buildings	Plant and	Harbour and	Total assets
	\$' 000	\$' 000	equipment \$' 000	port facilities \$' 000	\$, 000
Carrying amount at the beginning of the period	22,370	5,889	550	211,288	240,097
Acquisitions and transfers	3,650	I	24	4,263	7,937
Transferred to held for sale	(26,020)	(5,715)	(471)	(208,984)	(241,190)
Depreciation and amortisation	-	(174)	(91)	(6,567)	(6,832)
Carrying amount at the end of the period	3	£	12	1	12
The following table shows the movement of property, plant and equipment during 2017-18	ement of property, pla	nt and equipme	ent during 2017	-18	
	Land	Buildings	Plant and	Harbour and	Total assets
	\$' 000	\$, 000	000 ,\$	\$' 000	\$, 000
Carrying amount at the beginning of the period			12	,	12
Depreciation and amortisation	2	I	(3)		(3)
Carrying amount at the end of the period	8	B	6	3	6

20 Payables

	2018	2017
	\$' 000	\$' 000
Current		
Creditors and accrued expenses	1,218	2,296
Employment on-costs	91	119
GST payable	-	74
Total current payables	1,309	2,489
Non-current		
Employment on-costs	13	22
Total non-current payables	13	22
Total payables	1,322	2,511

Employee benefits on-costs include payroll tax and superannuation contributions.

Defence SA makes contributions to State Government and externally managed superannuation schemes. These contributions are treated as an expense when they occur. There is no liability for payments to beneficiaries as they have been assumed by the respective superannuation schemes. The only liability outstanding at reporting date relates to any contributions due but not yet paid to these superannuation schemes.

As a result of an actuarial assessment performed by the Department of Treasury and Finance, the proportion of long service leave taken as leave has changed from the 2017 rate (40%) to 41% and the average factor for the calculation of employer superannuation cost on-cost has changed from the 2017 rate (10.1%) to 9.9%. These rates are used in the employment on-cost calculation.

There is no material financial effect from changes in actuarial assumptions in employment on-costs in 2018 \$nil (\$3 000) and employees benefits expense \$nil (\$3 000). The impact on future periods is impracticable to estimate as the long service leave liability is calculated using a number of assumptions. A key assumption is the proportion of Long Service Leave taken as leave instead of a lump sum, a result determined by the actuary based on current period data.

Payables are measured at nominal amounts. Creditors and accruals are raised for all amounts owing but unpaid. Sundry creditors are normally settled within 30 days from the date the invoice is first received.

21 Employee benefits - liability

	2018	2017
	\$' 000	\$' 000
Current		
Accrued salaries and wages	56	80
Annual leave	186	285
Long service leave	233	303
Skills and experience retention leave	6	6
Total current employee benefits - liability	481	674
Non-current		
Long service leave	222	372
Total non-current employee benefits - liability	222	372
Total employee benefits - liability	703	1,046

These benefits accrue for employees as a result of services provided up to the reporting date that remain unpaid. Long-term employee benefits are measured at present value and short-term employee benefits are measured at nominal amounts.

21.1 Salaries and wages, annual leave, skills and experience retention leave and sick leave

The liability for salary and wages is measured as the amount unpaid at the reporting date at remuneration rates current at the reporting date.

The annual leave liability and the skills and experience retention leave liability is expected to be payable within 12 months and is measured at the undiscounted amount expected to be paid.

No provision has been made for sick leave as all sick leave is non-vesting and the average sick leave expected to be taken in future years by employees is estimated to be less than the annual entitlement for sick leave.

21.2 Long service leave

The liability for long service leave is measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the reporting period using the projected unit credit method.

AASB 119 Employee Benefits describes the calculation methodology for long service leave liability.

The actuarial assessment performed by the Department of Treasury and Finance has provided a basis for the measurement of long service leave and is based on actuarial assumptions over expected future salary and wage levels, experience of employee departures and years of service. These assumptions are based on employee data over SA Government entities.

AASB 119 *Employee Benefits* requires the use of the yield on long-term Commonwealth Government bonds as the discount rate in the measurement of the long service leave liability. The yield on long-term Commonwealth Government bonds has not changed from the 2017 rate of 2.5%.

The net financial effect of the changes to actuarial assumptions in the current financial year is an increase in the long service leave liability of \$6 000 and employee benefits expense of \$6 000. The impact on future periods is impracticable to estimate as the long service leave liability is calculated using a number of demographical and financial assumptions including the long term discount rate.

The actuarial assessment performed by the Department of Treasury and Finance left the salary inflation rate at 4% for long service leave liability and 3% for annual leave and skills, experience and retention leave liability. As a result, there is no financial effect resulting from changes in the salary inflation rate.

22 Provisions

	2018 \$' 000	2017 \$' 000
Current		
Provision for workers compensation	4	4
Total current provisions	4	4
Non-current		
Provision for workers compensation	6	9
Total non-current provisions	6	9
Total provisions	10	13
22.1 Movements in provisions		
Carrying amount at the beginning of the period	13	30
Reductions resulting from re-measurement	(3)	(17)
Carrying amount at the end of the period	10	13

A liability has been reported to reflect potential workers compensation claims.

The workers compensation provision is based on an actuarial assessment of the outstanding liability as at 30 June 2018 provided by a consulting actuary engaged through the Office for the Public Sector (a Division of the Department of the Premier and Cabinet). The provision is for the estimated cost for ongoing payments to employees as required under current legislation.

Defence SA is responsible for the payment of workers compensation claims.

23 Equity

	2018 \$' 000	2017 \$' 000
Contributed capital ^{(1) (2)}	-	101,823
Retained earnings ⁽²⁾	9,094	162,579
Total equity	9,094	264,402

⁽¹⁾ Contributed capital represents equity contribution from the SA Government under Appropriation Acts to fund the investing activities of Defence SA for assets owned by Defence SA.

⁽²⁾ Proceeds from the sale of the Techport Australia assets of \$230.000 million have been returned to SA Government as a return of contributed capital \$101.823 million and payment to Consolidated Account \$128.177 million.

24 Unrecognised contractual commitments

Commitments include operating, capital and outsourcing arrangements arising from contractual or statutory sources and are disclosed at their nominal value.

Unrecognised contractual commitments are disclosed net of the amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to the ATO. If GST is not payable to, or recoverable from the ATO, the commitments are disclosed on a gross basis.

24.1 Capital commitments

	2018	2017
	\$' 000	\$' 000
Capital expenditure contracted for as at the reporting date but not recognised as liabilities in the financial statements are payable as follows:		
Within 1 year	-	843
Total capital commitments		843

Defence SA's capital commitments were to various contractors providing dredging services and supplying specialised spare parts for the shiplift for the Techport Australia Common User Facility.

24.2 Expenditure commitments

	2018	2017
	\$' 000	\$' 000
Operating expenditure commitments as at the reporting date but not recognised as liabilities in the financial statements are payable as follows:		
Within 1 year	7.990	5,927
Later than 1 year but not longer than 5 years	11,133	7,089
Total expenditure commitments	19,123	13,016

Defence SA's operating commitments reflect grant and fee for service contracts for defence industry development and specialist technical and engineering advice.

25 Contingent assets and contingent liabilities

Contingent assets and contingent liabilities are not recognised in the Statement of Financial Position, but are disclosed by way of a note and, if quantifiable, are measured at nominal value.

Unrecognised contingencies are disclosed net of the amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to the ATO. If GST is not payable to, or recoverable from the ATO, the contingencies are disclosed on a gross basis.

Defence SA secures performance guarantees in support of contractor performance. No value is assigned to these guarantees for financial statement purposes as they will only be called upon in the event that the contractor fails to fulfil their agreed contractual commitments.

	2018	2017
	\$' 000	\$' 000
Contingent liabilities to which a value can be assigned	2,898	2,000
Total	2,898	2,000

Techport Australia Commercial Campus (Stage One)

Defence SA facilitated the private sector delivery of the Techport Australia Commercial Campus pursuant to its commitments to the AWD project and development of Techport Australia as Australia's premier naval industry hub. This development includes the AWD Alliance's AWD Systems Centre, Raytheon Australia's SA Engineering Centre and supporting commercial and retail accommodation.

Related contractual commitments require Defence SA to accept novation of the residual lease period should ASC AWD Shipbuilder Pty Ltd elect to vacate the premises between December 2019 and expiration of its initial 10-year lease term in May 2020, which is considered unlikely.

Birdon Pty Ltd - Claims for recoupment of costs associated with the maintenance dredging contract at the Techport Australia Common User Facility

Birdon Pty Ltd were contracted to undertake dredging works at the Techport Australia Common User Facility prior to its transfer to the Australian Government. Defence SA has paid all contracted sums in full, however, subsequent to completing the works, Birdon submitted several variation claims totalling \$1.952 million for additional costs and downtime incurred during the works. Defence SA does not accept liability for the claims and will defend the claims.

Continuous Naval Shipbuilding

In May 2017 the state signed a Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) to transfer the Techport Australia Common User Facility and associated assets to Australian Naval Infrastructure Pty Ltd (Australian Government entity) during the 2017-18 year.

Under the MoU the state is responsible for construction of overpass(es) to provide pedestrian access to the shipyard. The value cannot be determined until designs are finalised and costing completed.

26 Related party transactions

Defence SA is an administrative unit of the Public Service established in 2007 under section 7 of the *Public Sector Management Act 1995* and is responsible for delivering the State's Defence and Space strategies on behalf of the Premier.

Related parties of Defence SA include all key management personnel and their close family members, all Cabinet Ministers and their close family members, and all public authorities that are controlled and consolidated into the whole of government financial statements and other interests of the Government.

26.1 Transactions with key management personnel and other related parties

Defence SA had no transactions with key management personnel and other related parties other than those in the normal course of business.

Compensation of key management personnel is disclosed in note 3.3.

27 Budgetary reporting

Budget information refers to the amounts presented to Parliament in the original budgeted financial statements in respect of the reporting period (*2017-18 Budget Paper 4*). Budget information has been included for the Statement of Comprehensive Income and for Investment Expenditure. Budget information has not been included for the Statement of Financial Position or Statement of Cash Flows as the information in these statements is not budgeted for on the same basis and/or determined in a different manner to financial statement information. These original budgeted amounts have been presented and classified on a basis that is consistent with the line items in the financial statements. These amounts have not been adjusted to reflect revised budgets or administrative restructures/machinery of government changes. The budget process is not subject to audit.

		Original budget	Actual 2018	Variance ⁽¹⁾
Statement of Comprehensive Income	Note	2018		
		\$' 000	\$' 000	\$' 000
Expenses				
Employee benefits expenses		5,150	5,316	(166)
Supplies and services		5,599	5,870	(271)
Depreciation and amortisation	(a)	3,693	3	3,690
Net loss from disposal of non-current assets	(a)	4,588		4,588
Grants and subsidies	(c)	3,978	5,517	(1,539)
Resources received free of charge		-	66	(66)
Other expenses	(a)	2,806	666	2,140
Total expenses		25,814	17,438	8,376
Income		0.004		(00.0)
Revenues from fees and charges		2,021	1,717	(304)
Grants		1,450	1,869	419
Techport Australia recoveries		-	743	743
Resources received free of charge		-	66	66
Other income		57	101	44
Total income		3,528	4,496	968
Not and of any diding a serie of		(00.000)	(40.040)	0.044
Net cost of providing services		(22,286)	(12,942)	9,344
Revenues from/payments to SA Government				
Revenues from SA Government		18,478	19,467	989
Payments to SA Government	(b)	(158,554)	(160,010)	(1,456)
Net result	(5)	(162,362)	(153,485)	8,877
Notroout			(100,400)	0,077
Total comprehensive result		(162,362)	(153,485)	8,877
		<u>(::=;::=;</u>	(100,100)	
		Original	Actual	Variance ⁽¹⁾
		budget ⁽¹⁾	2018	, and the second
Investing expenditure summary		2018		
invocting experiate o cumury		\$' 000	\$' 000	\$' 000
		¥ 000	¥ 000	÷ 000
New projects		133	-	133
Total investing expenditure		133	-	133
i eta inteening onponanaro				

⁽¹⁾ The use of brackets identifies an adverse variance

27 Budgetary reporting (continued)

The following are brief explanations of variances between original budget and actual amounts.

Explanations are provided for variances where the variance exceeds the greater of 10% of the original budgeted amount and 5% of original budgeted total expenses.

(a) On the 30 November 2017 Defence SA sold the Techport Australia Common User Facility to the Australian Government. The property was revalued to \$230.000 million as at 30 June 2017 and reclassified as an asset held for sale in line with Australian Accounting standards. An impairment loss of \$11.525 million was also recorded at that time.

The original budget for 2017-18 did not reclassify the facility at 30 June 2017 but rather recognised the sale taking place in December 2017 with a loss on disposal of assets being recorded at that time. Accordingly expenditure budgets included several line items that were not realised during the 2017-18 year due to the accounting treatment of the sale in the 2016-17 financial statements. These savings are: Depreciation \$3.690 million

Loss on sale of assets \$4.588 million

Donation of land to the Commonwealth \$2.491 million (Other expenses)

- (b) Surplus cash returned to Department of Treasury and Finance \$1.456 million
- (c) Industry assistance and research grants increased by \$1.539 million compared to the original budget primarily as a result of:
 - Air Warfare Destroyer program Payroll Tax Assistance \$1.241 million
 - Research grants \$0.241 million

28 Events after the reporting period

Adjustments are made to amounts recognised in the financial statements where an event occurs after 30 June and before the date the financial statements are authorised for issue, where the event provides information about conditions that existed at 30 June.

Note disclosure is made about events between 30 June and the date the financial statements are authorised for issue where the events relate to a condition which arose after 30 June and which may have a material impact on the results of subsequent years.

There are no reportable events after the reporting period.